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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/571,427	03/10/2006	Kyoichi Abe	07057.0117-00000	3462
22852 7590 11/02/2007 FINNEGAN, HENDERSON, FARABOW, GARRETT & DUNNER LLP			EXAMINER	
			BRAINARD, TIMOTHY A	
901 NEW YORK AVENUE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4413		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3662	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/02/2007 -	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(a)			
		Applicant(s)			
	10/571,427	ABE ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Timothy A. Brainard	3662			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 Ja	anuary 2007.				
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 11-30 is/are pending in the applicatio 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 11-30 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on 10 March 2006 is/are:  Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	a) $\boxtimes$ accepted or b) $\square$ objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See tion is required if the drawing(s) is objection.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority document</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority document</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list</li> </ul>	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)	ate			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	Patent Application .			

## **DETAILED ACTION**

While DE 10133945 is relied upon for the rejection, US 2005/0021201 is used as the translation of DE 10133945.

## Information Disclosure Statement

The information disclosure statement filed 3/26/2006 fails to comply with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2), which requires a legible copy of each cited foreign patent document; each non-patent literature publication or that portion which caused it to be listed; and all other information or that portion which caused it to be listed. It has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered. A translation of the document was not received and the relevance to the present invention is not described

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 11, 14, 21, and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Honda (US 20030011509) in view of Lutter et al (US 2003/0201929). Honda teaches an object detection system comprising: a radar detection unit that detects an object using a radar, an image detection unit that detects an object using an image, and a collating unit that performs collation between a detection result of the

Page 3

Art Unit: 3662

radar detection unit and a detection result of the image detection unit so as to determine whether an identical object is detected by the radar detection unit and the image detection unit (fig 8 and para 40); wherein the collating unit performs a first collation between an object detected by the radar detection unit in a present collation and an object; performs a second collation between an object detected by the image detection unit in a present collation and an object; and determines whether the radar detection unit and the image detection unit detect the identical object based on the first and the second collations (fig 8), the radar system being a millimeter-wave radar. Honda does not teach that an object has been determined as being detected by the radar detection unit and the image detection unit in a previous collation or it is determined that the identical object is detected by the radar detection unit and the image detection unit in the previous collation. Lutter teaches an object has been determined as being detected by the radar detection unit and the image detection unit in a previous collation and it is determined that the identical object is detected by the radar detection unit and the image detection unit in the previous collation (fig 5 and para 28-25). It would have been obvious to modify Honda to include the object has been determined as being detected by the radar detection unit and the image detection unit in a previous collation and it is determined that the identical object is detected by the radar detection unit and the image detection unit in the previous collation because it is one of multiple ways to determine the object with no new or unexpected results.

Claims 12-13, 15-16, 22-23, and 25-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Honda in view of Lutter as applied to claims 11 and 21 above, Art Unit: 3662

and further in view of Klotz et al (US 2005/0021201). Klotz teaches (claims 12 and 22) the collating unit performs a third collation between objects detected by the radar detection unit in the present detection, which are obtained by excluding the object determined as have been detected by the radar detection unit and the image detection unit, and objects detected by the image detection unit in the present detection, which are obtained by excluding the object determined as having been detected by the radar detection unit and the image detection unit such that it is determined whether the identical object is detected by the radar detection unit and the image detection unit and (claims 13 and 23) the collating unit determines all fusion objects in the present collation by adding the number of fusion objects determined based on the first and second collation to that of the fusion objects determined based on the third collation to determine all fusion objects in the present collation, and the collating unit determines all independent objects in the present collation by excluding the fusion objects from the objects detected by the radar detection unit or the image detection unit in the present detection (fig 3 and para 43-46). It would have been obvious to modify Honda in view of Lutter to include the collating unit performs a third collation between objects detected by the radar detection unit in the present detection, which are obtained by excluding the object determined as have been detected by the radar detection unit and the image detection unit, and objects detected by the image detection unit in the present detection, which are obtained by excluding the object determined as having been detected by the radar detection unit and the image detection unit such that it is determined whether the identical object is detected by the radar detection unit and the image detection unit and

Art Unit: 3662

the collating unit determines all fusion objects in the present collation by adding the number of fusion objects determined based on the first and second collation to that of the fusion objects determined based on the third collation to determine all fusion objects in the present collation, and the collating unit determines all independent objects in the present collation by excluding the fusion objects from the objects detected by the radar detection unit or the image detection unit in the present detection because it would give detail about every individual object in the scene. Honda teaches the radar system being a millimeter-wave radar.

Claims 17 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Honda in view of Lutter as applied to claim 11 and 21 above, and further in view of Hosaka et al (US 6181271). Hosaka teaches the image detection unit being a stereo camera (abs). It would have been obvious to modify Honda in view of Lutter to include the image detection unit being a stereo camera because it is one of multiple design choices with no new or unexpected results.

Claims 18-20 and 28-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Honda in view of Lutter in view of Klotz as applied to claim 12, 13, 14, 22, 23, and 24 above, and further in view of Hosaka et al (US 6181271). Hosaka teaches the image detection unit being a stereo camera (abs). It would have been obvious to modify Honda in view of Lutter to include the image detection unit being a stereo camera because it is one of multiple design choices with no new or unexpected results.

Art Unit: 3662

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Timothy A. Brainard whose telephone number is (571) 272-2132. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 8:00 - 5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas Tarcza can be reached on (571)272-6979. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

**TAB** 

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